

### **VP Administration**

Student Services and Administration

### **STUDENT CONSULTATION REPORT 2017**

February 2018

STUDENT SERVICES & AMENITIES FEE (SSAF): Student Consultation Report 2017

### **ENQUIRIES**

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### **Table of contents**

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
BACKGROUND	3
2017 CONSULTATION PROCESS	4
Response & Engagement	6
Key Findings – Spending Priorities	6
SSAF ALLOCATION - SATISFACTION	7
CAMPUS SPECIFIC – PRIORITIES FOR IMPROVEMENT	7
Overall understanding of SSAF	8
RECOMMENDATIONS	10

## **Executive Summary**

Since the introduction of the Student Services and Amenities Fee (SSAF) in 2011, La Trobe University has undertaken extensive, annual consultation with students to identify key priority areas for expenditure in the delivery of services and amenities for our students.

As part of this strategy, in 2017 students were invited to partake in the online Student Census Survey that achieved a total of 4721 responses (confidence level of 95% +/- 1.32%). Students were asked to apportion significance to, and prioritise areas of SSAF spending. In response to this, students identified the following top five (5) priorities:

- 1. Health and Welfare
- 2. Employment Support
- 3. Study Skills
- 4. Food and Drink
- 5. Non-academic libraries

The Annual SSAF Survey provides feedback and delivers a source of information that will continue to determine priorities for SSAF funding each year, the survey results will complement other consultation processes with students and assist in identifying student priorities and informing future SSAF spending.

# **Background**

Introduced in 2011, the Australian Parliament passed amendment's to the *Services, Amenities, Representation* and *Advocacy Guidelines* of *Higher Education Legislation Support Act 2003* enabling universities and to charge a fee for student services and amenities of a non-academic nature.

Nineteen allowable spending areas are identified under this legislation, including health and welfare services, careers advice, accommodation assistance, advocacy, sport, cultural and recreational activities.

Since the introduction of SSAF, funding has enabled a significant number of improvements to services, facilities and amenities used by students across all La Trobe University, Victorian campuses.

The legislation outlines the requirements for the University to consult with students, (including democratically elected student representatives) on how revenue from the fee is allocated and spent. "HEP's must establish and maintain a clearly defined and effective process by which students enrolled at the HEP are consulted that is reviewed and approved annually by the governing body of that HEP after being made available to the students enrolled at the HEP for comment".

La Trobe University is committed to ensuring the consultation with students is genuine, and that the student voice is considered when determining how revenue raised from the compulsory SSAF is spent. As a key part of the consultation process, La Trobe University formed the Student Services Advisory Group (SSAG), which consists of University representatives and student representatives nominated by the four student associations; La Trobe Student Union (LTSU), International Students Association (ISA), Bendigo Student Association (BSA) and Wodonga Student Association (WSA).

Reporting to the Vice President (Administration) SSAG acts as an advisory body for all items concerning SSAF, managing the process for ongoing consultation and budget allocations. SSAG meet at least four times a year to plan and review consultation methodology as proposing budget allocations for the following year.

### **2017 Consultation Process**

Each year, La Trobe University reviews and updates the Terms of Reference and membership of SSAG. The Secretariat of SSAG will, in conjunction with the Executive Director, Student Services and Administration, review the student consultation process from the previous year and propose process improvements, based on the efficacy of previous consultation processes and strategies.

In 2017 the consultation methodologies were submitted to the University Council in the form of a report. The guidelines were collectively reviewed and approved by the University Council in April 2017.

During the development phase of the 2018 strategy, the proposed consultation processes are submitted to SSAG for endorsement before presenting to the Vice President Administration, for submission and final approval to La Trobe University Council.

### Foundation of La Trobe University's SSAF consultation for 2017:

#### **Review Phase:**

- Review SSAF allocation and associated consultation methodologies to identify areas of improvement.
- Recommend improvements to strengthen governance, consultation, engagement and compliance.
- Present and discuss key findings from the previous student consultation survey, capital planning and the allocation of funds with Student Services Advisory Group (SSAG).
- Report on outputs and delivery of SSAF funded projects.

#### Consult:

- Survey enrolled students to measure current awareness, satisfaction and to identify key spending priorities, ensuring SSAF funding allocations are responsive to student needs
- Consult with Student Associations and SSAG members; formally at a minimum of 4 meetings per year
   (or more frequently if required)
- Advise the Vice President (Administration) on all SSAF recommendations resulting from SSAG member and student consultations.
- Consult with University Council to advise and seek approval of the student consultation process.

### **Update:**

- Update the previous SSAF Student Consultation Survey methodologies based on review and consultation.
- Revise the SSAF website to increase overall accessibility and usability and to better inform and engage students on SSAF.

### Circulate:

- Circulate the Annual Consultation Report and appendices online, encouraging additional feedback on key findings and recommendations.
- Communicate SSAF Financial Allocation Report and Budget online annually (by end February). The
  Report includes successful submissions from incorporated student organisations and other university
  service providers operating and capital works proposals or strategic projects that are compliant with
  SSAF legislation.
- Publish information on SSAF related developments and projects in the 'Weekly student update' email
  to raise continuing awareness including SSAF channels of contact to encourage students to provide
  feedback and share their insights concerning SSAF.

## **2017 Census Survey**

### **Response & Engagement**

The survey generated 4721 completed responses. This number of responses provides an overall confidence level of 95% +/- 1.32%. In terms of campus breakdowns, the largest responses were generated by *Bundoora* (*Melbourne*) (70%) and *Bendigo* (20%). *Full time* students contributed the largest response (86%) for study load, *undergraduate* (78%) for degree level and 20-24 (41%) for age range. See appendices 4 and 5 for more detail on responses by demographic and campus.

2016 v. 2017										
2017		2016								
4721	Total Responses	4084								
2648	Verbatim Comments	2353								
95% +/- 1.32%	Confidence Level	95% +/- 1.4%								
86% 14%	Study Load Full Time Part Time	85% 15%								
78% 22%	<b>Degree Level</b> Undergraduate Postgraduate (Coursework)	76% 24%								

Table 1. Response rates and high-level demographics 2016 and 2017

### **Key Findings – Spending Priorities**

In 2017, students were presented with 14 areas of allowable spending, Appendix 3 illustrates the categories and logic of grouping key spending areas from 19 to 14.

Through apportioning importance across the 14 categories, student responses identified the top 5 priority areas for funding. The top spending priorities remain the same as 2016, with a slight reorder of preference between *Study Skills* and *Food & Drink*.

Top 5 A	Top 5 Areas of Importance										
Rank	Funding area 2017	Mean (1 to 3)	Funding area 2016	Mean (1 to 3)							
1	Health & welfare	2.85	Health & welfare	2.54							
2	Employment support	2.79	Employment support	2.40							
3	Study skills	2.77	Food & drink	2.39							
4	Food & drink	2.77	Study skills	2.38							
5	Non-academic libraries	2.68	Non-academic libraries	2.21							

Table 2. Top 5 areas of importance

When rating the importance of services and amenities it is possible that many students are not fully considering the value that is currently provided. The ongoing communication and engagement around SSAF is necessary if informed input is to be gained from students.

### **SSAF ALLOCATION - SATISFACTION**

For the most part the top 5 reported as most important are also areas of greater satisfaction with the exception to Non-academic libraries (student recreational/multipurpose space), resulting in high levels of importance, but lacking in overall satisfaction.

Appendix 45provides greater detail of student responses by key demographics and campus.

Satisfa	Satisfaction Results											
Rank	Funding area 2017	Mean (1 to 3)	Funding area 2016	Mean (1 to 3)								
1	Orientation information	2.67	Orientation information	2.71								
2	Health & welfare	2.65	Food & drink	2.67								
3	Study skills	2.60	Health & welfare	2.65								
4	Advice & advocacy	2.58	Study skills	2.63								
5	Food & drink	2.53	Advice & advocacy	2.62								

Table 3. Top 5 areas of satisfaction

### **CAMPUS SPECIFIC – PRIORITIES FOR IMPROVEMENT**

Students were presented with campus specific information and questions regarding their satisfaction and priorities for improvements, the following are key themes of improvement summarised using qualitative and/or qualitative responses.

Alb	ury-Wodonga	Melbourne (Bundoora)					
1.	Student recreation spaces and lounges	1.	Increasing awareness of services				
2.	More variety in food pantry	2.	Facilities/Amenities				
3.	Student kitchenette and Microwave facilities	3.	Improved study spaces/lounges				
Bei	ndigo	Mi	ldura				
1.	Increased food and beverage options	1.	Student facilities including kitchenette				
2.	More diverse events during semester	2.	Increasing awareness of services				
3.	Access to nurse on campus	3.	Improved food options				
City	y Campus	Sh	epparton				
1.	Support services	1.	Improved food options				
2.	Events and Entertainment	2.	Student facilities including kitchenette				
3.	Facilities/Amenities	3.	Support services				

Table 4. Priorities for improvement (Campus Specific)

### **Overall understanding of SSAF**

In 2017, 20% of respondents reported a 'good/very good' understanding of the *purpose* of SSAF with 8% a 'good/very good' understanding of where funds are spent. See Figure 1. These figures have increased slightly compared to the 2016.

Furthermore, 63% had 'a vague' to 'some' understanding of the purpose of the SSAF, and 42% had 'a vague' to 'some' understanding of where funds are spent.

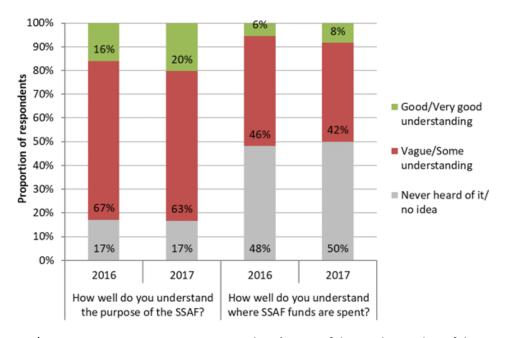


Figure 1. 2016/2017 SSAF Survey comparison - Respondents' rating of their understanding of the purpose of SSAF and of where SSAF funds are spent.

Preference of how to share information and send correspondence regarding SSAF was surveyed, resulting in the top 3 preferences of; email, posters and then Facebook.

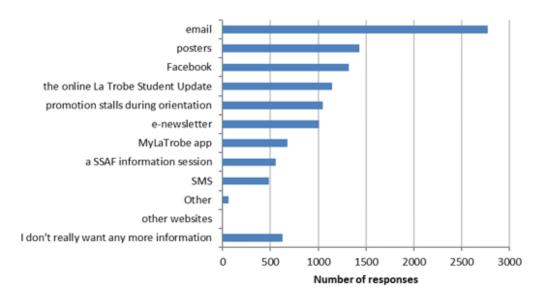


Figure 2. Respondents' preferred method for receiving more information about SSAF

## **Key Findings – Qualitative Data**

After providing quantitative responses regarding satisfaction and importance, students were invited to provide qualitative responses with the following question "Thinking about the services and amenities that the SSAF funds, how can student support, student engagement or the student experience (outside of classes) be improved?".

All verbatim responses were reviewed and collated into key themes. The analysis in this instance generated 10 key themes incorporating 2648 responses (excluding any responses classed as uncategorized or No comment/not applicable).

The following diagram illustrates the stages in the analytical process:



Note: a comment may contain multiple responses, a full list of themes and subthemes can be found in the full analysis report (Appendix 2)

Number of responses	Number of responses	Major themes (more than 100 responses)
2017	2016	
2648	2353	Total number of comments
597	512	Increasing Awareness - of services and SSAF funding and more awareness in general needed
470	287	Support Services – Provide more or improved services such as academic mentoring/support and employment assistance/industry networking opportunities
428	214	Activities and events – requesting more in general (most did not specify what kind of activities); Arts Activities/Spaces; and After Hours Activities
395	395	Spaces – Provide more or improved areas such as Study/Quiet Areas; Informal/Social/Lounge Spaces; and Outdoor Spaces
253	54	Promotion/Advertising (Specific methods to improve awareness)
224	282	Facilities/Resources - including more facilities, maintenance, greater affordability and accessibility. Specific examples included parking, and food preparation areas.
218	217	Food - including better or more options, greater affordability, and healthier choices
171	166	<b>Representation/Inclusiveness</b> – of all students or specific groups such as International or Mature Age students
146	130	<b>Student Participation/Input</b> - in SSAF funding or generally, and the use of these survey results
109	109	Sports/Recreation - more activities, better facilities, more events, subsidised fees

Table 5. Summary of verbatim Reponses, identifying key themes

### Recommendations

Through the considered analysis of student responses the following recommendations are proposed;

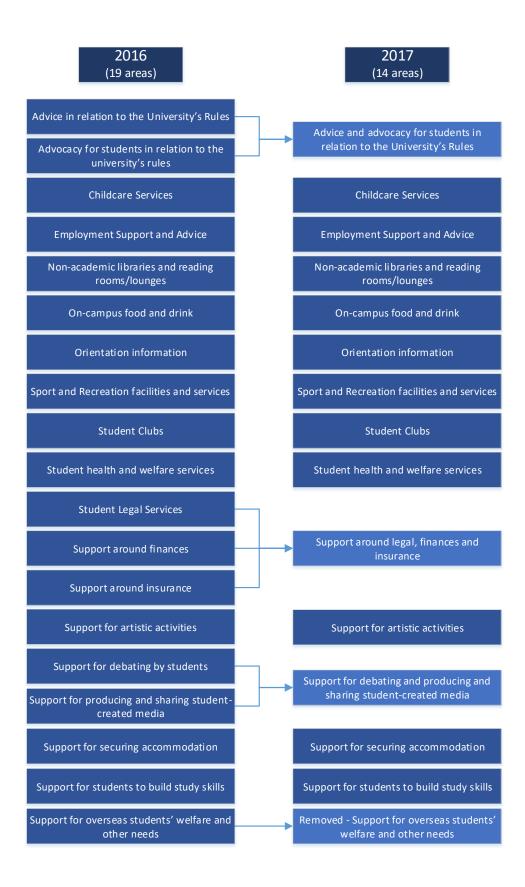
- 1. The 2018 SSAF budget allocations to be aligned with these priorities.
- 2. Carry out the 2018 census survey earlier in the year (proposed to be May 2018) to ensure there are no conflicts with exam period, student elections and the Student Experience survey. This new timeframe also provides a greater lead time to ensure the following year budget is as responsive to student priorities as possible.
- 3. Continue to work with First Person Consulting in 2018 (third year) to enable us to accurately compare 3 years of historical data, with the view of sourcing a new vendor to revamp the SSAF survey for 2019.
- 4. Continued review of the student survey to improve student understanding and rate of response through consultation and feedback from key stakeholders including SSAG.
- 5. Outcomes of student consultation to be shared with key decision makers to better inform planning from the student perspective including but not limited to ICT, I&O and LTLT.
- 6. Continue to partner with the student associations to strengthen planning, reporting and overall approach of the administration and allocation of SSAF funding.
- 7. Ensure reports of SSAF funding are advertised and easily accessible on the SSAF website.
- 8. Review and implement a strategic communication plan to increase student consultation engagement, SSAF awareness and satisfaction.

# **Appendices**

- 1. 2018 SSAF Student Consultation Mechanisms Report to Council
- 2. 2017 SSAF Survey Results Final Report Attachment 2

### Appedix 3: Grouping of allowable spending areas.

Note the category 'Support overseas students welfare and other needs' as the allowable propvison of support and welfare services is sufficently covered in the other categories.



Appedix 4: 2017 Importance by funding area and key demographics.

	Health & welfare	Employment support	Study skills	Food & drink	Non- academic libraries	Advice & advocacy	Legal, finances and insurance	Orientation information	Sport & recreation	Securing housing	Student clubs	Childcare services	Artistic activities	Debating and student media
Grand Total*	2.85	2.79	2.77	2.77	2.68	2.67	2.66	2.64	2.62	2.59	2.55	2.49	2.39	2.32
Albury-Wodonga	2.86	2.73	2.88	2.84	2.71	2.66	2.62	2.68	2.55	2.61	2.56	2.63	2.40	2.29
Bendigo	2.86	2.75	2.77	2.80	2.65	2.65	2.62	2.66	2.65	2.63	2.59	2.50	2.35	2.29
Bundoora	2.85	2.81	2.77	2.76	2.69	2.67	2.67	2.62	2.62	2.58	2.54	2.48	2.40	2.32
City	2.73	2.78	2.76	2.64	2.65	2.68	2.62	2.67	2.67	2.55	2.54	2.41	2.44	2.36
Mildura	2.87	2.79	2.79	2.75	2.58	2.73	2.73	2.71	2.46	2.71	2.40	2.68	2.38	2.34
Shepparton	2.85	2.78	2.84	2.78	2.69	2.70	2.66	2.72	2.54	2.60	2.49	2.49	2.41	2.39
<20	2.87	2.81	2.75	2.78	2.73	2.65	2.72	2.67	2.64	2.63	2.56	2.43	2.38	2.32
20-24	2.86	2.81	2.76	2.75	2.67	2.65	2.64	2.60	2.61	2.57	2.55	2.44	2.38	2.28
25-29	2.82	2.81	2.79	2.76	2.66	2.71	2.65	2.62	2.57	2.53	2.51	2.52	2.39	2.31
30-39	2.84	2.76	2.81	2.69	2.60	2.72	2.64	2.64	2.54	2.58	2.48	2.58	2.38	2.26
40-50	2.83	2.74	2.84	2.74	2.68	2.76	2.62	2.75	2.63	2.61	2.54	2.62	2.46	2.38
>50	2.82	2.71	2.82	2.73	2.51	2.76	2.55	2.71	2.60	2.65	2.52	2.59	2.51	2.22
Domestic	2.85	2.79	2.76	2.74	2.66	2.66	2.63	2.62	2.58	2.56	2.50	2.47	2.34	2.24
International	2.86	2.86	2.82	2.82	2.78	2.76	2.79	2.72	2.78	2.71	2.74	2.52	2.64	2.60
Postgraduate	2.82	2.80	2.79	2.72	2.62	2.69	2.65	2.67	2.64	2.58	2.53	2.50	2.42	2.32
Undergraduate	2.86	2.80	2.76	2.76	2.69	2.67	2.66	2.62	2.60	2.59	2.54	2.47	2.38	2.29

• The funding areas that were rated as more important are shown in green (generally towards the left of the table).

More important Medium importance								l	.ess i	mportant			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

Table 6. Importance of funding areas by categories (1 = Not at all important, 2= somewhat important, 3= Important)

Appedix 5: 2017 Satisfaction by funding area and key demographics.

	Orientation information	Health & welfare	Study skills	Advice & advocacy	Food & drink	Student clubs	Sport & recreation	Securing housing	Legal, finances and insurance	Non- academic libraries	Employment support	Debating and student media	Childcare services	Artistic activities
Grand Total	2.67	2.65	2.60	2.58	2.53	2.52	2.51	2.47	2.46	2.46	2.42	2.38	2.36	2.33
Albury-Wodonga	2.62	2.61	2.50	2.47	2.58	2.35	2.41	2.42	2.34	2.52	2.41	2.37	2.32	2.17
Bendigo	2.71	2.75	2.64	2.62	2.57	2.57	2.43	2.52	2.52	2.48	2.44	2.35	2.31	2.30
Bundoora	2.66	2.61	2.59	2.57	2.54	2.52	2.57	2.47	2.45	2.45	2.41	2.38	2.38	2.34
City	2.67	2.62	2.59	2.55	2.36	2.38	2.23	2.37	2.55	2.47	2.37	2.31	2.25	2.21
Mildura	2.77	2.76	2.75	2.67	2.35	2.00	1.92	2.25	2.52	2.53	2.61	2.32	2.46	2.10
Shepparton	2.67	2.60	2.56	2.52	1.71	2.26	1.91	2.22	2.41	2.44	2.59	2.23	2.15	2.18
<20	2.68	2.69	2.64	2.60	2.61	2.49	2.54	2.60	2.45	2.49	2.44	2.31	2.38	2.33
20-24	2.66	2.60	2.58	2.56	2.53	2.52	2.49	2.40	2.47	2.41	2.40	2.37	2.42	2.32
25-29	2.62	2.62	2.56	2.55	2.44	2.42	2.41	2.40	2.46	2.44	2.41	2.33	2.37	2.23
30-39	2.62	2.54	2.58	2.53	2.37	2.40	2.33	2.33	2.36	2.53	2.39	2.24	2.15	2.10
40-50	2.69	2.71	2.65	2.65	2.47	2.37	2.48	2.11	2.44	2.57	2.48	2.30	2.31	2.13
>50	2.71	2.58	2.65	2.63	2.57	2.36	2.71	2.25	2.22	2.52	2.35	2.31	2.50	2.28
Domestic	2.65	2.62	2.59	2.56	2.52	2.45	2.47	2.45	2.42	2.42	2.41	2.28	2.30	2.23
International	2.72	2.64	2.65	2.64	2.50	2.62	2.52	2.49	2.53	2.63	2.42	2.49	2.48	2.47
Postgraduate	2.67	2.60	2.63	2.59	2.49	2.54	2.47	2.40	2.46	2.58	2.32	2.41	2.39	2.34
Undergraduate	2.66	2.63	2.59	2.57	2.53	2.47	2.49	2.48	2.45	2.42	2.44	2.31	2.35	2.27
	More satisf	fied						Medium sati	sfaction			ı	ess s	atisfied
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

<sup>•</sup> The funding areas that students rated as more satisfied with are shown in green (generally towards the left of the table).

Table 7. Satisfaction with funding areas (1 = Dissatisfied, 2 = neither, 3 Satisfied)